INVESTIGATING PLANNED PARENTHOOD AND RESEARCH USING ABORTED BABIES

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The purpose of this issue analysis is to investigate Planned Parenthood's abortion practices and its harvesting of aborted babies. This information is meant to synthesize what we know of Planned Parenthood, its aborted baby parts harvesting, the operations of biotech companies involved in this industry, and its end consumers, including NIH and FDA taxpayer-funded programs. Planned Parenthood performs about 30 percent of all abortions in the U.S.

SUMMARY

- Part I delineates how many facilities at Planned Parenthood perform medication and surgical abortion, then examines how many Planned Parenthood facilities perform surgical abortions up to a certain limit.
- Part II shows state abortion limits.
- Part III examines Planned Parenthood's twenty affiliates that have participated in harvesting
 programs in the past five years using aborted babies. Where available, primary source documents
 are linked that tie specific Planned Parenthood affiliates with biotech companies and end
 consumers.
- Part IV links to all of the short videos, press releases and the full footage of the Center for Medical Progress (CMP).
- Part V lists the states where Planned Parenthood investigations have occurred and states where defunding efforts are taking place.
- Part VI lists all of the Congressional investigations of Planned Parenthood.
- Part VII lists biotech companies that act as middlemen in the sale of procured baby parts, linking them to end consumers.

I. ABORTION AT PLANNED PARENTHOOD¹

- ➤ Total Number of U.S. Planned Parenthood (PP) Facilities: 661
 - ➤ Total Number of U.S. Planned Parenthood Facilities that Perform Abortions: 351 (53% of all PPs)
 - Facilities at Planned Parenthood that Perform Abortions, By Types of Abortions:

Medication abortion²: 342 (52% of all PPs)
 Surgical abortion³: 164 (25% of all PPs)

¹ Based on information gathered from the Planned Parenthood Federation of America.

² Medication abortion is a type of abortion that most often uses the abortion-inducing drugs Mifepristone and Misoprostol (also called RU-486 or the abortion pill) to kill an embryo.

³ Surgical abortion is a type of abortion that is done in-clinic and surgically kills the embryo either by one or a combination of the following abortion methods: Vacuum Aspiration, Dilation and Evacuation (D&E), and/or Dilation and Curettage (D&C).

Surgical Abortions at Planned Parenthood, By Facility Abortion Limit⁴

- ➤ Of the 164 U.S. Planned Parenthood facilities that perform surgical abortions, 88 facilities have later surgical abortion limits ranging from "Up to 14 Weeks and 6 Days LMP⁵" to "Up to 24 weeks LMP." They are listed below with the number of Planned Parenthood facilities in the U.S. that have those limits.
 - ➤ There are 73 U.S. Planned Parenthood facilities that perform surgical abortions and have limits from "Up to 14 Weeks and 6 Days LMP" to "Up to 19 Weeks and 6 Days LMP":

Up to 14 weeks and 6 days LMP					
Up to 15 weeks LMP					
Up to 15 weeks and 3 days LMP	1				
Up to 15 weeks and 6 days LMP	24				
Up to 16 weeks LMP	4				
Up to 16 weeks and 4 days LMP	1				
Up to 16 weeks and 6 days LMP	4				
Up to 17 weeks LMP	1				
Up to 17 weeks and 6 days LMP	11				
Up to 18 weeks LMP	1				
Up to 18 weeks and 6 days LMP	9				
Up to 19 weeks LMP	1				
Up to 19 weeks and 6 days LMP	11				

➤ There are 15 U.S. Planned Parenthood facilities that perform surgical abortions up to the latest legal limits, from "Up to 20 Weeks LMP" to "Up to 24 weeks LMP." Five of these Planned Parenthood facilities with very late term limits are in California.

Up to 20 weeks LMP	2 (CA, TX)
Up to 21 weeks LMP	1 (UT)
Up to 21 weeks and 6 days LMP	6 (IA, KS, MN, MO, MT, WA)
Up to 22 weeks and 6 days LMP	1 (FL)
Up to 23 weeks and 6 days LMP	2 (CA-2)
Up to 24 weeks LMP	3 (CA-2, NY)

II. STATE ABORTION LIMITS⁶

39 States allow abortions after 20 weeks post-fertilization (22 weeks LMP):

> 20 states have a limit on abortion at **viability**⁷: AZ*, CA, CT, DE, GA*, HI, ID*, IL, KY, ME, MD, MI, MO, MT, OH, TN, UT, WA, WI*, WY⁸

⁴ For data on all Planned Parenthood facility abortion limits for both surgical and medication abortions, please see Appendix A.

⁵ LMP refers to "Last Menstrual Period." This is the gestational age. LMP/Gestational age is 2 weeks after the post-fertilization age. For example, 14 weeks LMP is equivalent to 12 weeks post-fertilization.

⁶ Based on information gathered from the Guttmacher Institute and state legislatures.

⁷ Viability is generally defined as 24 weeks LMP (22 weeks post-fert.).

⁸ ***AZ**: 20 weeks LMP (18 weeks post-fert.) (Fetal pain law). Enforcement of fetal pain law is permanently enjoined by a court order; policy not in effect. Exceptions: Life and health. Viability law still stands.

- > 8 states have a limit on abortion at either 24 weeks LMP, Post-Fertilization, or Post-Implantation:
 - 24 weeks LMP (22 weeks post-fert.): FL, MN, PA, RI, SD
 - 24 weeks Post-Fertilization: NV, NY
 - 24 weeks Post-Implantation (27 weeks LMP/25 weeks post-fert.): MA
- > 3 states have **Third Trimester Limits**9:
 - 3rd Trimester LMP: IA, VA
 - 3rd Trimester post-fert.: SC
- > 8 States (including DC) have **no abortion limits:** AK, CO, DC, NH, NJ, NM, OR, VT

15 states have bans on abortion at 20 weeks post-fertilization or earlier based on fetal pain 10:

- ➤ 13 states have a ban on **fetal pain after 20 weeks post-fertilization**: AL, AR, GA*, ID*, IN, KS, LA, ND, NE, OK*, TX, WV, WI*
- ➤ 2 states have a ban after **20 weeks LMP** (**18 weeks post-fert.**): AZ*, MS

2 states additionally have abortion dismemberment bans (D&E abortions): OK*, KS*11

III. PLANNED PARENTHOOD ABORTED BABY PARTS PROGRAMS¹²:

General:

<u>Planned Parenthood 2000-2001 Annual Report</u> (p.8) described that some national office activities included having their national staff coordinate new affiliate medical services such as "fetal tissue donation."

Improving the Quality of Reproductive Health Care

MEDICAL SERVICES AND RESEARCH

Throughout the world, Planned Parenthood is synonymous with high quality, affordable, community-based health care. As we encourage responsible choice and preserve women's sexual and reproductive health through prevention, education, and self-empowerment, we move closer to our vision of a sexually healthy nation and world.

SOME NATIONAL OFFICE ACTIVITIES

PPFA national staff are recognized authorities on all aspects of reproductive health, from research and technology to patient care, public information, education, and health care policy. To improve the quality of reproductive health care, last year, we

- coordinated 61 new affiliate services and approved a range of new medical services at the 2000 PPFA National Medical Committee meeting, including those related to menopause, domestic violence, HPV testing, and fetal tissue donation
- published two editions of the newsletter for affiliates, Medical Digest, and held three audio conferences — two on medical abortion and one on Pap tests
- reviewed and approved 45 affiliate research project proposals on a range of topics from access to prenatal care services to the development of new microbicides

GA: Viability. Exceptions: Life and physical health, or lethal fetal abnormality. A new fetal-pain law that bans abortion at 20 weeks post-fert. is partially in effect and only being enforced against post-viability abortions.

ID: 20 weeks post-fert. (Fetal pain law). Exceptions: Life. Enforcement permanently enjoined by a court order; policy not in effect. Viability law still stands.

WI: 20 weeks post-fert. (Fetal pain law). Scheduled to take effect Feb. 1, 2016. Exceptions: Life and health. Viability law still stands.

⁹ According to <u>WebMD</u>, the first trimester is 0-12 weeks LMP, the second trimester is 13-27 weeks LMP, and the third trimester is 28-40 weeks LMP. Please check with the state to find out its specific statutes and limitations.

¹⁰ *See above. In addition, **OK**: 20 weeks post-fert. (Fetal pain law). Exceptions: Life and physical health. A new **OK** dismemberment abortion law could possibly ban abortion using this abortion method as early as 14 weeks LMP; it has taken effect as of Nov. 1, 2015.

¹¹ **OK**: See above. **KS**: The new Kansas dismemberment abortion law could possibly ban abortion using this abortion method as early as 14 weeks LMP, but is currently blocked pending the resolution of the court case.

¹² Information obtained from the Center for Medical Progress and independent research.

There are 20 Planned Parenthood affiliates that have participated in harvesting programs in the past five years using aborted babies:

- 1) Planned Parenthood Mar Monte (San Jose Health Center San Jose, CA)
 - ➤ Ties to StemExpress:
 - Procurement Log (January 10, 2013). Aborted baby parts sent to:
 - o Cellscape Corp (Newark, CA)
 - o Sequenom, Inc. (San Diego, CA)
 - o Colorado State University (Ft. Collins, CO)
 - o Natera (San Carlos, CA)
 - Procurement Log (December 13, 2012). Aborted baby parts sent to:
 - o Natera (San Carlos, CA)
 - o Massachusetts General Hospital (Charlestown, MA)
 - o Stanford University (West Stanford, CA)
 - Stem Express Flyer with Planned Parenthood endorsement.
 - <u>University of Connecticut Health Center</u> (Farmington, CT) doing research for NIH, has used federal funding for over a decade to obtain up to two baby brains per month from StemExpress.
 - O StemExpress sent U. of CT the Mar Monte consent form (p. 18).
 - U. of CT professor Nada Zecevic has received <u>\$3.8 million</u> in taxpayer funds since 2001.
 - One U. of CT <u>study</u> compares the brains of babies and mice. In the Abstract, the professor Nada Zecevic states: "Having available to us a wellcharacterized collection of human fetal brains, an opportunity to obtain fresh tissue, and expertise in this field, we are in a favorable position to perform proposed experiments."
 - Patient Consent Form for "donation" of aborted baby parts.
 - Ties to Advanced Bioscience Resources (ABR)
- 2) Planned Parenthood Mar Monte (Fresno, CA)
 - Request for Records (House Energy and Commerce Committee) (September 30, 2015)
 - > Ties to StemExpress:
 - Procurement Log from PP (December 12, 2012). Aborted baby parts sent to:
 - o Cellscape Corp. (Newark, CA)
 - o Stanford University (Stanford, CA)
 - o University of Massachussetts (Worcester, MA)
 - o Natera (San Carlos, CA)
- 3) Planned Parenthood Northern California (Concord, CA)
 - Request for Records (House Energy and Commerce Committee) (September 30, 2015)
 - ➤ Ties to StemExpress
- 4) Planned Parenthood Ventura, Santa Barbara, San Luis Obispo (Santa Barbara, CA)
 - ➤ Ties to StemExpress
- 5) Planned Parenthood Pacific Southwest (San Diego, CA)
 - ➤ Video Evidence of Aborted Baby Parts Program (September 21, 2013)
 - Full Footage
 - Request for Records (House Energy and Commerce Committee) (September 30, 2015)

- Ties to Advanced Bioscience Resources (ABR)
- > Ties to UC San Diego

6) Planned Parenthood Los Angeles (Los Angeles, CA)

- Request for Records (House Energy and Commerce Committee) (September 30, 2015)
- > Ties to Novogenix
- > Ties to UCLA
- > Ties to University of Southern California

7) Planned Parenthood Orange & San Bernardino Counties (Orange, CA)

- ➤ Request for Records (House Energy and Commerce Committee) (September 30, 2015)
- ➤ Ties to Da Vinci Biosciences/DV Biologics (DVB):
 - Listed as a financial contributor to PP on page 10. DVB sells fetal tissue.

8) Planned Parenthood Gulf Coast (Houston, TX)

- Request for Records (House Energy and Commerce Committee) (September 30, 2015)
- Request for Records (Texas HHS) (October 22, 2015)
- Video Evidence of Aborted Baby Parts Program (April 9, 2015)
 - Full Footage
- ➤ "At least six researchers at Texas-based universities have received more than \$3.5 million from the federal government over the past four years for projects involving human fetal tissue, according to the National Institutes of Health. At least one abortion clinic here has donated organs to the cause during that time the Planned Parenthood facility in Houston, although it since has stopped the practice." (Houston Chronicle, July 17, 2015)
- Ties to University of Texas Medical Branch "Many of the documents and e-mails released by Cain were signed by Melissa Farrell, Director of Research for Planned Parenthood Gulf Coast in Houston, Texas, the same Planned Parenthood official who appeared in the fifth video released by the CMP on August 4, 2015.

The invoices that originated from Planned Parenthood divided their bills into two general categories. First was the "reimbursement for study supplies" which appear to be costs related to the fetal tissue. Reimbursement for hard costs is allowable under the law. The second was "consent payments," which appears to be a designation where Planned Parenthood 'hid' the profit. This payment would be illegal." (Operation Rescue, January 29, 2016)

- Invoices between UTMB Galveston and Planned Parenthood Gulf Coast
- ➤ Ties to Baylor College of Medicine
- ➤ Ties to Amphioxus Cell Technologies
- > Ties to Neuralstem. Inc.

9) Planned Parenthood South Texas (Brownsville, San Antonio, Harlingen, Texas)

Subpoena (Texas HHS) (October 21, 2015)

10) Planned Parenthood of Greater Texas

- ➤ CMP Video (UNCONFIRMED)
 - Full Footage

11) Planned Parenthood of the Rocky Mountains (Denver, CO)

- Agreement of Transfer of Aborted Baby Parts (2013) with Colorado State University Fort Collins.
 - <u>Lawsuit</u> filed against Colorado State University and Planned Parenthood of the Rocky Mountains (October 7, 2015)
 - More information on the lawsuit
 - Colorado State University Paid over \$97K between 2010 and 2015 for Planned Parenthood Aborted Baby Parts from Advanced Bioscience Resources (ABR) for NIH research
 - <u>Letter</u> from Colorado State University to Rep. Doug Lamborn (July 23, 2015)
- ➤ Ties to University of Colorado (UNCONFIRMED)
 - Letter from <u>Rep. Doug Lamborn</u> to University of Colorado Denver (August 27, 2015)
 - Response from <u>University of Colorado Denver</u> to Rep. Doug Lamborn (September 11, 2015)
- Video Evidence of Aborted Baby Parts Program (April 7, 2015)
 - Full Footage

12) Planned Parenthood Greater Washington & North Idaho (Yakima, WA)

- Request for Records (House Energy and Commerce Committee) (September 30, 2015)
- Ties to University of Washington Birth Defects Research Laboratory and NIH:
 - "Since 1964, the Seattle lab has been a federally funded hub for the collection and distribution of tissues for research, obtained from miscarriages, stillbirths and abortions including, recently, donations from a Planned Parenthood clinic in Washington state." (Seattle Times, October 3, 2015)

13) Planned Parenthood Mid-South Michigan (Ann Arbor, MI)

> Ties to University of Michigan

14) Planned Parenthood Wisconsin (Milwaukee, WI)

- > Ties to University of Wisconsin Madison
 - "Parenthood's Wisconsin affiliate provided researchers at the University of Wisconsin-Madison with the hearts and brains of unborn babies up to 18 weeks old and within five minutes of being aborted despite the fact that both UW and Planned Parenthood Advocates of Wisconsin have denied any such exchange." (ADF Media, January 22, 2016)
 - ADF Public Records Request (August 24, 2015)
 - Forms and letters from the University of Wisconsin-Madison's researchers indicating their arrangement with Planned Parenthood to obtain the baby parts
 - 2014 University of Wisconsin-Madison studies on <u>fetal hearts</u> and <u>fetal brains</u>.

15) Planned Parenthood Metropolitan Washington, DC (District of Columbia)

➤ Ties to StemExpress

16) Planned Parenthood New York City (Manhattan, NY)

Ties to Albert Einstein College of Medicine Fetal Tissue Repository (UNCONFIRMED)

17) Planned Parenthood of Utah (Salt Lake City, UT)

18) Planned Parenthood Columbia-Willamette (Portland, OR)

Ties to Oregon Health Sciences University

19) Planned Parenthood- Buffalo Medical Health Center (Buffalo, NY)

➤ Ties to Buffalo BioSciences (UNCONFIRMED)

20) Planned Parenthood of Southern New England (UNCONFIRMED)

- Ties to Yale and University of Connecticut¹³:
 - Email from Director of Medical Services as PP of Southern New England to Nada Zecevic (U. of CT): "I am starting to gather information to see if we can accommodate your request. When we did this with Yale, they only took a small quantity of villi so we were able to send the remainder to the lab for a pathology reading. Could you find out if someone at UConn could produce a pathology report on the specimens we 'donate'? [NOTE the parent... How many specimens do you want and how often? I discussed your request with my supervisor. She is also supportive of trying to make this happen." (June 21, 2011) (Washington Free Beacon, November 5, 2015)

IV. INVESTIGATIVE FOOTAGE, PRESS RELEASES, AND FULL FOOTAGE OF CMP VIDEOS

All of the short videos, press releases, and the full footage can be found at the <u>Center for Medical Progress (CMP)</u>.

V. STATE-INITIATED INVESTIGATIONS AND DEFUNDING OF PLANNED PARENTHOOD¹⁴:

- ➤ Initiated Investigations: 13 states: AZ, FL, GA, IN, IA, KS, LA, MA, MO, OH, SC, TN, TX AND WA.
- ➤ **Initiated Defunding:** 8 states: AL, AR, KS, LA, NH, OH, TX, UT.

VI. CONGRESSIONAL INVESTIGATIONS OF PLANNED PARENTHOOD:

1. <u>House Judiciary Committee</u> investigation

<u>First Hearing</u>: "Planned Parenthood Exposed: Examining the Horrific Abortion Practices at the Nation's Largest Abortion Provider." (September 9, 2015)

Second Hearing: "Planned Parenthood Exposed: Examining Abortion Procedures and Medical Ethics at the Nation's Largest Abortion Provider" (October 8, 2015)

<u>Letter to 59 Planned Parenthood affiliates</u> (August 19, 2015)

2. House Energy and Commerce Committee investigation

<u>Hearing</u>: "Protecting Infants: Ending Taxpayer Funding for Abortion Providers Who Violate the Law" (September 17, 2015)

Letters to Cecile Richards (July 17, 2015 and September 30, 2015)

Request for Records from Planned Parenthood (August 7, 2015)

3. House Oversight Committee investigation

¹³ Nada Zecevic at the University of Connecticut ultimately turned down this affiliate <u>saying</u>, "Apparently the procedure that is done does not leave intact tissue, and there is nothing we can use. Thanks anyhow for your time and attempts to make this work."

¹⁴ These are lists of the total state-initiated investigations and initiated defunding of Planned Parenthood since July 2015. Some of these investigations have ended. To get the current status of an investigation or defunding initiative, consult state updates.

<u>Hearing:</u> Planned Parenthood's Taxpayer Funding (September 29, 2015)

Request for Records from Health and Human Services (August 14, 2015)

Request for Records from CMP (September 9, 2015)

Follow-up letter to Health and Human Services (September 18, 2015)

Memo of findings (September 29, 2015)

- 4. Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Government Affairs <u>letter to HHS</u> (September 28, 2015)
- 5. Senate Judiciary Inquiry into Planned Parenthood (August 4, 2015)

VII. CORPORATIONS SELLING HARVESTED ABORTED BABY PARTS AND SOME OF THEIR CONSUMERS¹⁵:

General CMP Fact Sheet on Tissue Procurement Organizations (TPOs)

1. StemExpress (Placerville, California)¹⁶

- Aborted Baby Parts Order (2013). Baby parts sold to:
 - UCLA
 - Harvard
 - *Temple University*
 - University of Illinois at Chicago
 - Stanford
 - The Rockefeller University
 - Ganogen, Inc.
- Aborted baby parts sold to the University of Massachusetts:
 - Purchase Order (February 21, 2013)
 - Purchase Order (February 25, 2014)
 - Purchase Order (July 11, 2014)
- <u>Video Evidence</u> of aborted baby parts program (May 22, 2015)
- <u>Job Listing</u> for regional manager to oversee aborted baby parts program (February 5, 2013)
- Bonus Structure for aborted baby parts harvesting (Effective January 1, 2013)
- <u>Email</u> from StemExpress VP used to purchase aborted baby parts from abortion centers (June 12, 2015)
- <u>Procurement Agreement</u> for obtaining aborted baby parts from abortion centers (June 2015)
- <u>Procurement Instructions</u> for technicians who harvest aborted baby parts (December 5, 2012)
- A Price Quote sent to the University of Texas for aborted baby parts (July 7, 2015)
- <u>University records</u> obtained by the <u>Washington Free Beacon</u> lists StemExpress as a vendor of baby brains for the University of Connecticut NIH research. University of Connecticut has used federal funding for over a decade to obtain up to two baby brains per month from StemExpress. U. of CT professor Nada Zecevic has received <u>\$3.8 million</u> in taxpayer funds since 2001. (November 5, 2015)
- StemExpress <u>emails</u> with the University of Connecticut in the sale of baby brains (July 2010-May 2014)
- Court Documents regarding Injunction to prohibit the release of videos
- House Committee on Energy and Commerce Request for Records from StemExpress (August 7, 2015)

¹⁵ Information obtained from the Center for Medical Progress and independent research.

¹⁶ As of August 2015, StemExpress has <u>cut ties</u> with Planned Parenthood.

- House Oversight Committee Request for Records from StemExpress (September 9, 2015)
- Taxpayers Paid for Intact Human Fetal Brains From StemExpress (November 5, 2015)
 - Stem Express Fees for Services Schedule- p.2 (Effective April 1, 2010)
- Stem Express's clients: (listed on its official website)
 - FDA

Universities:

- Stanford
- UCLA
- Yale
- University of Connecticut
- Duke
- Dartmouth
- Harvard
- Johns Hopkins University
- University of Pennsylvania

Pharmaceutical Companies and Corporations:

- Ariosa Diagnostics
- Quest Diagnostics
- Roche
- Perkin Elmer
- Genentech
- Pfizer
- *BD*
- The Jackson Laboratory

2. Advanced Bioscience Resources (ABR) (Alameda, California)

- Overview stating a "nominal fee" is paid to abortion centers that provide aborted baby parts.
- Fee Schedule for aborted baby parts (Effective January 1, 2015)
- ABR had federal contracts with <u>FDA and NIH</u> for at least \$300,000. Some of the fetal tissue came from babies 17 weeks to 22 weeks gestation. ABR charged the government "\$340 for a 17-to-22-week human fetal thymus, \$340 for a 17-to-22-week human fetal liver, \$325 for a maternal blood test and \$120 for Fed Ex overnight shipping."
- <u>NIH and ABR link</u> also described here: "The principal investigators who received tissue from these sources most frequently obtained tissue from Advanced Bioscience Resources, Incorporated (Alameda, California), and the Albert Einstein College of Medicine Human Fetal Tissue Repository (New York, New York)." (p.5)
- Another ABR client is <u>University of Wisconsin-Madison</u> which has done research on human fetal livers and thymus tissue that was obtained from ABR.
- <u>University records</u> obtained by the <u>Washington Free Beacon</u> lists ABR as a vendor of baby brains for the University of Connecticut NIH research. U. of CT professor Nada Zecevic has received <u>\$3.8 million</u> in taxpayer funds since 2001. (November 5, 2015)
- "[Manjunath] Swamy [a professor of biomedical sciences at Texas Tech University's Health Sciences Center] said he pays about \$600 for each specimen of fetal liver and thymus tissue from Advanced Bioscience Resources, a small for-profit company based in California. The company pays abortion clinics a "nominal fee" for fetal tissue, according to

- a document posted on the Center for Medical Progress website. The researcher has received nearly \$500,000 from the federal government since 2011 for his work." (<u>Houston Chronicle</u>, July 17, 2015)
- House Committee on Energy and Commerce <u>Request for Records</u> from ABR (August 7, 2015)
- <u>Video Evidence</u> of aborted baby parts program (June 14, 2013)

3. DV Biologics (DVB) (Yorba Linda, California)

- A Price Quote sent to the *University of Oklahoma* for aborted baby parts (March 4, 2015)
- A Price Quote sent to the *University of Texas* for aborted baby parts (July 15, 2015)
- Clients:
 - Tufts University
 - Celgene Cellular Therapeutics
 - RaNA Therapeutics
 - Danone Singapore
 - Aloecorp

4. <u>Albert Einstein College of Medicine Human Fetal Tissue Repository (New York, New York)</u>

- Clients: <u>NIH</u> "the principal investigators who received tissue from these sources most frequently obtained tissue from Advanced Bioscience Resources, Incorporated (Alameda, California), and the Albert Einstein College of Medicine Human Fetal Tissue Repository (New York, New York)." (p.5)
- Dr. Brad Poulos is Director of Einstein's Human Fetal Tissue Repository (hFTR)
- hFTR provided <u>aborted baby brains</u> to the University of Connecticut
- <u>University records</u> obtained by the <u>Washington Free Beacon</u> lists Albert Einstein as a vendor of baby brains for the University of Connecticut NIH research. U. of CT professor Nada Zecevic has received \$3.8 million in taxpayer funds since 2001. (November 5, 2015)
- University of CT. professor Nada Zecevic <u>wrote</u> that she has been collaborating with the <u>Albert Einstein Brain Bank</u> "and have been receiving brain tissue from them since 1995," on a grant application to continue a project in 2010. She wrote: "This tissue is obtained from autopsies done after medical abortions (with the consent of parents) and shipped on ice in buffer, fixative solution or tissue culture solution." She received whole hemispheres. (Washington Free Beacon)

5. Novogenix Laboratories (Los Angeles, California)

- House Committee on Energy and Commerce <u>Request for Records</u> from Novogenix (August 7, 2015)
- <u>University records</u> obtained by the <u>Washington Free Beacon</u> lists Novogenix Laboratories as a vendor of baby brains for the University of Connecticut NIH research. U. of CT professor Nada Zecevic has received <u>\$3.8 million</u> in taxpayer funds since 2001. (November 5, 2015)

6. University of Washington Birth Defects Research Laboratory (Seattle, WA)

- Is a "<u>major supplier of aborted fetal tissue</u> and receives over a half-million dollars each year in NIH grant money."
- "Since 1964, the Seattle lab has been a federally funded hub for the collection and distribution of tissues for research, obtained from miscarriages, stillbirths and abortions —

- including, recently, donations from a Planned Parenthood clinic in Washington state." (Seattle Times, October 3, 2015)
- "In 2014, the lab collected 596 fetal samples from consenting women at two area hospitals and seven stand-alone clinics, and distributed 1,109 separate tissues to more than 60 researchers, Naluai-Cecchini said. The UW receives nearly \$700,000 a year, including overhead costs, from the National Institutes of Health (NIH) to fund the lab, which has a repository of nearly 2,000 fetal samples from 370 individual donors." (Seattle Times, October 3, 2015)
- 7. SciKon Innovation (Chapel Hill, North Carolina)
- 8. Anatomic Gift Foundation (AGF) (Hanover, Maryland)

CONCLUSION

The research herein should be regarded as a starting point in the investigation of Planned Parenthood's abortion practices, its harvesting of aborted babies, the operations of biotech companies involved in this industry, its end consumers, and their ties to taxpayer funds. Involved parties must be investigated, and wherever violations of the law are found, they must be prosecuted according to the full extent of all applicable federal and state laws. The investigation must look into possible violations of current laws against the sale of baby parts, performing partial birth abortions, and killing babies born alive after attempted abortion. This is especially true of Planned Parenthood affiliates that are or were involved in the harvesting and sale of baby parts, biotech companies who sell aborted baby parts, and end consumers who are often funded with taxpayer money to do research for federal entities such as the NIH and FDA.

Taxpayers fund the sale of aborted baby parts with millions of dollars annually. In 2014 alone, the NIH spent \$76 million on human fetal tissue research "with grants to more than 50 universities, including Columbia, Harvard, the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Stanford, Yale and the University of California in Berkeley, Irvine, Los Angeles, San Diego and San Francisco. It expects to spend the same amount in 2015 and 2016." Taxpayers have a right to know how these baby parts were obtained, which Planned Parenthood affiliates and other abortion facilities were involved, as well as which biotech companies and end consumers profited from the sale and use of aborted baby parts.

Arina O. Grossu, M.A. is the director for the Center for Human Dignity at Family Research Council, where she focuses on sanctity of human life issues, ranging from conception to natural death.

Appendix A: Abortion at U.S. Planned Parenthood Facilities

- > Total Number of U.S. Planned Parenthood (PP) Facilities: 661
 - > Total Number of U.S. Planned Parenthood Facilities that Commit Abortions: 351

> By Types of Abortions:

Medication abortion	342
Up to 4 weeks LMP	1
Up to 5 weeks LMP	1
Up to 6 weeks and 6 days LMP	1
Up to 7 weeks LMP	3
Up to 8 weeks LMP	3
Up to 8 weeks and 6 days LMP	13
Up to 9 weeks LMP	207
Up to 9 weeks and 6 days LMP	7
Up to 10 weeks LMP	102
Up to 19 weeks and 6 days LMP	1
(Age not given)	3

Surgical abortion	164
Up to 4 weeks LMP	1
Up to 5 weeks LMP	1
Up to 11 weeks and 6 days LMP	2
Up to 12 weeks LMP	2
Up to 12 weeks and 6 days LMP	2
Up to 13 weeks LMP	4
Up to 13 weeks and 5 days LMP	1
Up to 13 weeks and 6 days LMP	61
Up to 14 weeks LMP	2
Up to 14 weeks and 6 days LMP	3
Up to 15 weeks LMP	2
Up to 15 weeks and 3 days LMP	1
Up to 15 weeks and 6 days LMP	24
Up to 16 weeks LMP	4 (CA, GA, WI-2)
Up to 16 weeks and 4 days LMP	1 (PA)
Up to 16 weeks and 6 days LMP	4 (IA, NE-2, RI)
Up to 17 weeks LMP	1 (WA)
Up to 17 weeks and 6 days LMP	11 (AZ-2, CA-3, NY-2, OH, TX, WA-2)
Up to 18 weeks LMP	1 (PA)
Up to 18 weeks and 6 days LMP	9 (CO-2, CT, MA-3, ME, MI, OH)
Up to 19 weeks LMP	1 (WI)
Up to 19 weeks and 6 days LMP	11 (CA-3, IA, IL-2, MI, NY, TX, VA-2)
Up to 20 weeks LMP	2 (CA, TX)
Up to 21 weeks LMP	1 (<i>UT</i>)
Up to 21 weeks and 6 days LMP	6 (IA, KS, MN, MO, MT, WA)
Up to 22 weeks and 6 days LMP	1 (FL)
Up to 23 weeks and 6 days LMP	2 (CA-2)
Up to 24 weeks LMP	3 (CA-2, NY)

PLANNED PARENTHOOD ABORTION FACILITIES, SURGICAL ABORTION LIMITS, AND STATE ABORTION LAWS (February 2016)

		ILANNEL	TAKENIII	SURGICAL A	BORTION LIMITS, AND STATE ABORTION LAWS (February 2016)
State	Total # of PP Facilities in the State	Commit Medication and/or	Total # of PP Facilities that Commit Surgical Abortions^	PP Facility Surgical Abortion Limits^	State Abortion Laws: Abortion Prohibited After#
Alabama (AL)	2	2		Up to 14 weeks, 6 days LMP	20 weeks post-fert (Fetal pain law). Exceptions; Life and physical health.
Alaska (AK)	4	. 3		Up to 13 weeks, 6 days LMP	N/A
					20 weeks LMP (18 weeks post-fert) (Fetal pain law). Enforcement of fetal pain law is permanently enjoined by a court order. Policy not in effect Exceptions: Life and health.
Arizona (AZ) Arkansas (AR)	10	3		17 weeks, 6 days LMP N/A	Viability law still stands. 20 weeks post-fert (Fetal pain law). Exceptions: Life and physical health, rape or incest.
California (CA)	112			Range: "Up to 13 weeks LMP" to "Up to 24 weeks LMP"	20 weeks post-ret (reta pain aw). Exceptions. Line and physical nearth, tape of incest. Viability, Exceptions: Life and health.
Colorado (CO)	21			Up to 18 weeks and 6 days LMP	N/A
				Range: "Up to 11 weeks and 6 days LMP" to " Up to 18 weeks	
Connecticut (CT)	17	16	4	and 6 days LMP"	Viability. Exceptions: Life and health.
Delaware (DE)	3	2	2	Up to 15 weeks and 6 days LMP	Viability. Exceptions: Life and health.
District of Columbia (DC)	0 (A facility is being built for completion in 2016)			N/A	N/A
District of Columbia (DC)	Tor completion in 2010)	0	0	INA	N/A
Florida (FL)	23	16	11	Range: "Up to 4 weeks LMP" to "Up to 22 weeks and 6 days LMP"	24 Weeks LMP (22 weeks post-fert). Exceptions: Life and health. Viability. Exceptions: Life and physical health, or lethal fetal abnormality. A new fetal-pain law that bans abortion at 20 weeks post-fert is partially in effect and only being
Georgia (GA)	5	4		Up to 16 weeks LMP	enforced against postviability abortions.
Hawaii (HI)	2	. 2		Up to 13 weeks and 6 days	Viability. Exceptions: Life and health.
Idaho (ID)	3	3		Up to 13 weeks and 6 days LMP	20 weeks post-fert (Fetal pain law). Exceptions: Life. Enforcement permanently enjoined by a court order; policy not in effect. Viability law still stands.
Illinois (IL) Indiana (IN)	18			Up to 19 weeks and 6 days LMP Up to 13 weeks and 6 days LMP	Viability. Exceptions: Life and health. 20 weeks post-fert (Fetal pain law). Exceptions: Life and physical health.
Indiana (IIV)	23	4		Range: "Up to 16 weeks and 6 days LMP" to "Up to 21 weeks	20 weeks post-tert (retat pain taw), exceptions: Life and physical neatin.
Iowa (IA)	13	9		and 6 days LMP"	3rd Trimester LMP. Exceptions: Life and health.
					22 weeks LMP (Fetal pain law) (20 weeks post-fert). Exceptions: Life and physical health. The new Kansas dismemberment abortion law could possibly ban abortion using this
Kansas (KS)	2	1		Up to 21 weeks and 6 days LMP	abortion method as early as 14 weeks LMP, but is currently blocked pending the resolution of the court case.
Kentucky (KY)	2	0		N/A	Viability. Exceptions: Life and health.
Louisiana (LA) Maine (ME)	4	. 0		N/A Up to 18 weeks and 6 days LMP	20 weeks post-fert (Fetal pain law). Exceptions: Life and physical health, or lethal fetal abnormality. Viability. Exceptions: Life and health.
Maryland (MD)	10			Range: "Up to 13 weeks LMP" to "Up to 14 weeks LMP"	Viability, Exceptions, Life and neath, and in case of fetal abnormality.
Massachusetts (MA)	7			Up to 18 weeks and 6 days LMP	24 weeks post-implantation (27 weeks LMP/25 weeks post-fert). Exceptions: Life and health.
,				Range: "Up to 12 weeks and 6 days LMP" to "Up to 19 weeks	
Michigan (MI)	21	5		and 6 days LMP"	Viability. Exception: Life endangerment only.
Minnesota (MN)	18	2		Up to 21 weeks and 6 days LMP	24 weeks LMP. Exceptions: Life and health.
Mississippi (MS)	1	0		N/A	20 Weeks LMP (18 weeks post-fert) (Fetal pain law). Exceptions: Life and physical health. Law limits abortion provision to OB/GYNs.
Missouri (MO)	13	2	1	Up to 21 weeks and 6 days LMP	Viability. Exceptions: Life and physical health. Viability. Exceptions: Life and physical health. The exception permits abortions when the woman suffers from a "substantial and irreversible"
Montana (MT)	5	4	. 2	Range: "Up to 12 weeks LMP" to "Up to 21 weeks and 6 days LMP"	vialonity. Levelproids, Lite and physical infeature life exception permits abortions when the woman surfers from a substantial and ineversible impairment of a major bodily function."
Nebraska (NE)	2	. 2		Up to 16 weeks and 6 days LMP	20 weeks post-fert (Fetal pain law). Exceptions: Life and physical health.
Nevada (NV)	3	2	. 0		24 weeks post-fert. Exceptions: Life and health.
New Hampshire (NH)	5	2		Up to 15 weeks and 6 days LMP	N/A
New Jersey (NJ)	26	22		Range: "Up to 13 weeks and 6 days LMP" to "Up to 15 weeks and 6 days LMP"	N/A
New Mexico (NM)	6			Up to 15 weeks and 6 days LMP	N/A N/A
New York (NY)	59			Range: "Up to 12 weeks LMP" to "Up to 24 weeks LMP"	24 weeks post-fert. Exception: Life endangerment only.
North Carolina (NC)	9			Range: "Up to 5 weeks LMP" to "Up to 13 weeks and 6 days LMP"	20 weeks LMP (18 weeks post-fert). Exceptions: Life and health.
North Dakota (ND)	0	0	0	N/A	20 weeks post-fert (Fetal pain law). Exceptions: Life and physical health.
Ohio (OH)	28	3	3	Range: "Up to 15 weeks and 6 days LMP" to " Up to 18 weeks and 6 days LMP"	Viability. Exceptions: Life and health.
Oklahoma (OK)	6	0	0	N/A	20 weeks post- fert (Fetal pain law). Exceptions: Life and physical health. A new OK dismemberment abortion law could possibly ban abortion using this abortion method as early as 14 weeks LMP; it has taken effect as of Nov. 1, 2015.
Oxidional (OK)	0	0		Range: "Up to 12 weeks and 6 days LMP" to "Up to 14 weeks	
Oregon (OR)	12			and 6 days LMP"	N/A
Pennsylvania (PA)	36	11		Range: "Up to 13 weeks and 5 days LMP" to "Up to 18 weeks LMP"	24 weeks LMP (22 weeks post-fert). Exceptions: Life and physical health. The exception permits abortions when the woman suffers from a "substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function."
Rhode Island (RI)	30	11		Up to 16 weeks and 6 days LMP to "Up to 18 weeks LMP" Up to 16 weeks and 6 days LMP	24 weeks LMP (22 weeks post-fert). Exception: Life endangerment only.
South Carolina (SC)	2	1		Up to 13 weeks and 6 days LMP	22 weeks Davi (22 weeks powerly). Exceptions: Life enougherment only. 3rd trimester post-fert, Exceptions: Life and health, if done for mental health reasons, must have the certification of an independent psychiatrist.
South Dakota (SD)	1	1		Up to 13 weeks and 6 days LMP	24 weeks LMP (22 weeks post-fert). Exceptions: Life and health.
Tennessee (TN)	4			Range: "Up to 14 weeks and 7 days LMP" to "Up to 15 weeks LMP"	Viability. Exceptions: Life and health.
Texas (TX)	34	. 3	3	Range: "Up to 17 weeks and 6 days LMP" to "Up to 20 weeks LMP"	20 weeks post-fert (Fetal pain law). Exceptions: Life and physical health, or fetal abnormality.
Utah (UT)	9	1		Up to 21 weeks LMP	Viability. Exceptions: Life and health, rape or incest, or lethal fetal abnormality. The exception permits abortions when the woman suffers from a "substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function."
Vermont (VT)	12	-		Range: "Up to 11 weeks and 6 days LMP" to Up to 15 weeks and 6 days LMP"	N/A
· CITION (• 1)	12	,		Range: "Up to 13 weeks and 6 days LMP" to "Up to 19 weeks	
Virginia (VA)	7	6		and 6 days LMP" Range: "Up to 13 weeks and 6 days LMP" to "Up to 21 weeks	3rd trimester LMP. Exceptions: Life and health.
Washington (WA)	32	24	. 11	and 6 days LMP"	Viability, Exceptions: Life and health.
West Virginia (WV)	1	0		N/A	22 weeks LMP (Fetal pain law) (20 weeks post-fert). Exceptions: Life and physical health, or lethal fetal abnormality.
Wisconsin (WI)	22	. 3	3	Range: "Up to 16 weeks LMP" to "Up to 19 weeks LMP"	20 weeks post-fert (Fetal pain law). Scheduled to take effect Feb. 1, 2016. Exceptions: Life and health. Viability law still stands.
Wyoming (WY)	1	Ü		N/A	Viability. Exceptions: Life and health.
TOTAL:	661	351			#: Based on information gathered from the Guttmacher Institute and state news. Note: LMP refers to "Last Menstrual Period" (Gestational Age). LMP/Gestational age is 2 weeks after the post-fertilization age.
				^Based on information gathered from Planned Parenthood.	

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